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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method for preparing 2,3-dichloropyridine 1,

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5 comprising the steps of:

(1) contacting a 3-amino-2-chloropyridine **2** or a solution comprising 3-amino-2-chloropyridine **2**

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with hydrochloric acid to form a 3-amino-2-chloropyridine hydrochloric acid salt;

- (2) contacting the 3-amino-2-chloropyridine hydrochloric acid salt with a nitrite salt to form a corresponding diazonium chloride salt; and
- (3) contacting the corresponding diazonium chloride salt with hydrochloric acid in the presence of a copper catalyst wherein at least about 50 % of the copper is the copper(II) oxidation state, optionally in the presence of an organic solvent, to form 2,3-dichloropyridine

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- 2. The method of Claim 1 wherein the nitrite salt is sodium nitrite.
- 3. The method of Claim 1 wherein at least about 75 % of the copper is the copper(II) oxidation state.
- 4. The method of Claim 3 wherein at least about 90 % of the copper is the copper(II) oxidation state.
 - 5. The method of Claim 4 wherein at least about 95 % of the copper is the copper(II) oxidation state.
 - 6. The method of Claim 5 wherein at least about 99 % of the copper is the copper(II) oxidation state.
- 7. The method of Claim 6 wherein 100 % of the copper is the copper(II) oxidation state.

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- 8. The method of Claim 1 wherein the copper catalyst comprises copper(II) chloride or copper(II) oxide.
- 9. The method of Claim 8 wherein the nominal mole ratio of the nitrite salt to the 3amino-2-chloropyridine 2 is about 0.95 to about 2.0; the nominal mole ratio of the copper(II) chloride or copper(II) oxide to the 3-amino-2-chloropyridine 2 is about 0.05 to about 2.0 when 100 % of the copper is copper(II) chloride or copper(II) oxide; the nominal mole ratio of hydrochloric acid to the 3-amino-2-chloropyridine 2 in step (1) is about 3 to about 10; and the nominal mole ratio of hydrochloric acid to the 3-amino-2-chloropyridine 2 in step (3) is about 0 to about 10.
- 10 10. The method of Claim 9 wherein the nominal mole ratio of the nitrite salt to the 3-amino-2-chloropyridine 2 is about 0.95 to about 1.1; the nominal mole ratio of the copper in the copper catalyst to the 3-amino-2-chloropyridine 2 is about 0.2 to about 0.6; the nominal mole ratio of the hydrochloric acid to 3-amino-2-chloropyridine 2 in step (1) is about 3 to about 6; and the nominal mole ratio of the hydrochloric acid to the 3-amino-2chloropyridine 2 in step (3) is about 1 to about 5.
 - 11. The method of Claim 1 wherein steps (1) and (2) are conducted at a temperature ranging from about -15 to about 20 °C; and step (3) is conducted at a temperature ranging from about 30 to about 90 °C.
 - 12. The method of Claim 11 wherein steps (1) and (2) are conducted at a temperature ranging from about -10 to about 10 °C; and step (3) is conducted at a temperature ranging from about 50 to about 80 °C.
 - 13. The method of Claim 1 wherein the 3-amino-2-chloropyridine 2 or the solution comprising the 3-amino-2-chloropyridine 2 is prepared by a method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) contacting 3-aminopyridine 3 or a solution comprising 3-aminopyridine 3

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with hydrochloric acid to form a 3-aminopyridine hydrochloric acid salt;

- (b) contacting the 3-aminopyridine hydrochloric acid salt with a chlorinating agent to form the solution comprising the 3-amino-2-chloropyridine 2; and
 - (c) optionally isolating the 3-amino-2-chloropyridine 2 from the solution of step (b).
- 14. The method of Claim 13 wherein the chlorinating agent is chlorine, an alkali metal hypochlorite or a mixture of hydrochloric acid and hydrogen peroxide.

- 15. The method of Claim 14 wherein the chlorinating agent is chlorine or a mixture of hydrochloric acid and hydrogen peroxide.
- 16. The method of Claim 13 wherein the nominal mole ratio of hydrochloric acid to the 3-aminopyridine 3 in step (a) is about 3 to about 20; and the nominal mole ratio of the chlorinating agent to the 3-aminopyridine 3 is about 0.6 to about 1.5.
- 17. The method of Claim 16 wherein the nominal mole ratio of hydrochloric acid to the 3-aminopyridine 3 in step (a) is about 5 to about 15; and the nominal mole ratio of the chlorinating agent to the 3-aminopyridine 3 in step (a) is about 0.8 to about 1.2.
- 18. The method of Claim 13 wherein steps (a) and (b) are conducted at a temperature ranging from about 0 to about 60 °C.
 - 19. The method of Claim 18 wherein steps (a) and (b) are conducted at a temperature ranging from about 10 to about 35 °C.
 - 20. The method of Claim 13 wherein the 3-aminopyridine 3 or the solution comprising the 3-aminopyridine 3 is prepared by a method comprising the steps of:
 - (i) contacting nicotinamide 4

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with a strong base and a halogenating agent to form a mixture comprising an *N*-halonicotinamide salt;

- (ii) contacting the *N*-halonicotinamide salt mixture formed in step (i) with heated water to form an aqueous mixture and maintaining the aqueous mixture at a temperature ranging from about 65 to about 100 °C to form the solution comprising 3-aminopyridine 3;
- (iii) isolating the 3-aminopyridine 3 from the solution of step (ii) if the halogenating agent is other than a chlorinating agent; and
- (iv) optionally isolating the 3-aminopyridine 3 from the solution of step (ii) if the halogenating agent is a chlorinating agent.
 - 21. The method of Claim 20 wherein the strong base is an alkali metal hydroxide.
 - 22. The method of Claim 21 wherein the alkali metal hydroxide is sodium hydroxide.
- 23. The method of Claim 20 wherein the halogenating agent is chlorine, bromine, or sodium hypochlorite.

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- 24. The method of Claim 20 wherein the nominal mole ratio of the strong base to nicotinamide 4 is about 1 to about 5; and the nominal mole ratio of the halogenating agent to nicotinamide 4 is about 0.8 to about 2.0.
- 25. The method of Claim 24 wherein the nominal mole ratio of the strong base to nicotinamide 4 is about 2 to about 4 when the halogenating agent is chlorine or bromine; the nominal mole ratio of the strong base to nicotinamide 4 is about 1 to about 2 when the halogenating agent is sodium hypochlorite; and the nominal mole ratio of halogenating agent to nicotinamide is about 0.9 to about 1.1.

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- 26. The method of Claim 20 wherein step (i) is conducted at a temperature ranging from about -5 to about 20 °C.
- 27. The method of Claim 26 wherein step (i) is conducted at a temperature ranging from about 0 to about 10 °C; and step (ii) is conducted at a temperature ranging from about 70 to about 95 °C.